TOGO'S REPORT.

Japanese Admiral Tells of Sinking of Hatsuse and Yoshino Off Port Arthur.

Off Port Arthur.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, May 20, 6 A. M.—Vice-Admirat
Togo's full report is as follows:

"It is regrettable to have to report a
third misfortune. At 5 o'clock Sunday
morning I received a wireless message
from Rear-Admiral Dewa, saying that on
that day at 5 in the morning, while returning from the work of blocking Port
Arthur, he encountered a dense for north
of the Shan Tung promontory. The Kasuga collided with the port stern of the
Yoshino, which was sunk. Boats from
the Kasuga saved ninety of her crew. The
dense fog stil continues.

"This has been a most unfortunate day
for our navy. While the fleet was watchling the enemy off Port Arthur the Hatsuse struck one of the enemy's mines and,
her rudder was damaged. She sent a message for a ship to tow her, which was
being sent, when another message brough
the lamentable report that the Hatsuse
had struck another mine and immediately began to sink. The Hatsuse was
then ten knots off Liao Te Shan promontory. No enemy was in sight, It mushave been a mine or submarine boat.
Three hundred of the officers and crew
wore saved. The Hatsuse sank in thirty
minutes. While sinking sixteen of the
enemy's torpedo craft appeared and were
driven off.
"Our fleet report is somewhat yague
"Our fleet report fas somewhat yague

driven off.
"Our fleet report is somewhat vague on account of the fact that some mes-sages were received by wireless teleg-

JAPS DISLODGED.

Russian Cossacks Put Advance Guard to Flight After a Severe Encounter.

Severe Encounter.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, May 20.—The following dispatch from General Kuropatkin to the Emperor, dated at Lim Yang May 19th, has been received here:

"A detachment of Cossacks engaged a detachment of the Japanese advance guard on May 18th north of Feng Wang Cheng in a mountainous district. The flight began in the morning and lasted until 230 o'clock in the afternoon.

"The Japanese were successfully dislodged from four positions extending over fifteen miles.

lodged from four positions extending over fifteen miles.

"The pursuit of the Japanese was stopped at Datiantsy, thirteen miles north of Feng Wang Cheng.

"Our casualties were six Corsacks wounded, two horses killed and eight horses wounded.

"There is no trace of the enemy in the valley of Tsanhoka, so far as the road leading to the Tchangouline Pass, eighteen miles north of Feng Wang Cheng, or in the valley of the Al River, from Salmatsa to Kuan-Dian-San, on the road to Doun-Sian-Lintsa.

to Doun-Sian-Lintsa.

"A squadron of Japanese cavalry, which left Kuan-Dian-San on May 17th for Saimatsa, was repulsed by one, of our patrols at Schaogo, twelve miles from Klan-Dian-San. The patrol retired with-

out loss.
"Japanese infantry, two thousand strong, advanced May 15th towards Salltszalpudza, which was evacuated

To Take Port Arthur by Storm.

To Take Port Arthur by Storm.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, 11.1. May 20.—A special to the Daily News from Tokio says:

Port Arthur is to be taken by storm the moment proper preparations have been completed. Siege guns have yet to be placed in position, and the land forces appointed for the assault have to be strengthened. The unexpected loss of two fine vessels has emphasized the insecurity of sea power, and the authorities feel that no chances must be taken that would encourage Russia to send out the Ealthe fleet, counting on finding a harber of refuge in Port Arthur.

It is realized that the storming of the fortress will inevitably cost many lives, but it is stated that the waters where the Japanese ships are forced to manoeutre are becoming so dangerous because of floating mines that heroic measure.

here:

"A rection of infantry of the Liao.
Tung forces went in the direction of Shan
Chusan to reconnoiter, and met two sections of Russian infantry. The Russlans were repulsed in thirty minutes.
Our cascalians were repulsed in thirty minutes. Our casualties were one officer and four men killed and one officer and eight men wounded. The Russian casualties were one officer and forty to fifty men

killed.
"The landing of Japanese troops at
Taku Shan began yesterday."

Japanese Column Retreat.

Japanese Column Retreat.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETIERSBURG, May 20.—An official report has been received to the effect that General Rennekampff's Coacies fell on the Japanese columns advancing from Feng Wang Cheng on Wednesday, and that the Japanese were compelled to retreat for a distance of twelvo miles. The Russians have evacuated Kai Ping for Kai Chau), about thirty-five miles south of New Chwang, without a fight.

Jap Retreat Is Confirmed.

Jap Retreat Is Conntrmed.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW CHWANG, May 29-7 A. M.—The reports of the Japanese retreat to Feng Wang Cheng are officially confirmed.

The Japanese, numbering 20,000 men, came upon 22,000 Russians in a strong position on Monday, sixty miles west of Fong Wang Cheng. It being unwise to risk a battle, the Japanese retreated in good order and with great rapidity.

An official Russian authority says a

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous cruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these emptions with drying medicines is dangerous. The thing to do is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Which thoroughly cleanse the blood, expelling all humors and building up the whole system. They cure.

Accept no substitute.

Testimonials of remarkable cures mailed on request. C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

Every Young Man



will find our Spring goods in accord with his strenuous feelings.

We are not afraid to buy strong, vigorous, exclusive patterns; we are not satisfied to have our suits "up to date" -we're ahead of that-we have the ADVANCED style -the kind of coats and suits that will be "up to date" next fall.

Suits, \$8.00 to \$28.00.

In our Furnishing Goods the same original ideas are shown. Young men will find "hot stuff" for scarfs, negligee shirts, fancy hand-kerchiefs, colored hose, novel designs in vests.

Our sale of last Summer's Wash Suits, for boys, at about 50c on the dollar, is worth prompt attendance on your part.

O. H. BERRY & CO.

ptiched battle was not fought, but rumor says there was considerable loss on both sides during the clashes, with the Cossacks harassing the flank of the Japaness. This position presumably was executing a reconnoissance. The pursuit was checked when the main body of the Japaness was rejoined.

This news apparently accounts for the withdrawal to an unknown destination of warships and transports from Tower Hill. ten miles north of Kai Chou, Jano Tung peniusula, and of renewed defensiva activity at New Chwang.

No news has been received here from Port Arthur.

Cruiser Bogatyr Destroyed.

(By Associated Press.)
TOKIO, May 29—A trustworthy report has been received at Imperial headquarters that the Russian cruiser Bosatyr ran ashore outside Vladivostok in a heavy fog and was destroyed. This is the first ship of the Vladivostok squadron to be destroyed.

Bogatyr Is Intact.

ST. PETERBURG, May 20.—The Admiralty states that there is not the slightest foundation for the report that the cruiser Bogatyr has been destroyed. The squadron, the Admiralty asserts, is intact at Vladivostok.

All Quiet at Vladivostok.

VLADIVOSTOK, May 29.—All is quiet; Jpaanese warships appear from time to time in Peter the Great Bay, but they do not approach Vladivostok.

Japanese Flag Raised.

Japanese Flag Raised.

(By Associated Press,)

TOKIO, May 20-5 P. M.—Admiral Hosoya, commanding the third squadron, reports that with the third squadron, consisting of Fuso, Hel Yen, Tsukushi, Sai Yen and other vessels, he protected the landing of troops at a new unnamed place, probably Taku Shan, yesterday, unnuperided the coast and landed a party of blue Jackets, who occupied a point of lind and raised the Japanese flag, at \$'o'clock in the morning. The landing of troops immediately commenced and was accomplished very quickly.

A Business Organization.

A Business Organization.

(Special to The Times-Dispaten.)

(A) Jo Manufacturers of the Carolinas was organized here last night with the following officers: President, S. C. (A

Fine Sale of Tobacco.

Fine Sale of Tobacco.

Stonewall Warehouse, George A. Haynes, proprietor, conducted a fine sale of tobacco on the Exchange yesterday, Among the crops was one grown by Mr. John Wesley Bell, near Central Point, Caroline county, Va.

The following prices were received: Four handred and hinety-five pounds, \$39; 230 nounds, \$29; 272 pounds, \$23; 335 pounds, \$29; 275 pounds, \$29; 355 pounds, \$10; 148 pounds, \$19; 175 pounds, \$15; 46 pounds, \$14; 230 pounds, \$13.50; 325 pounds, \$14; 230 pounds, \$17, to \$17. The farmers were well pleased, most of them going home with pockets full of money.

The Bell crop was bought by W. T. Hancock and the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

Mr. Eggleston Wins.

Mr. Eggleston Whis.

In the Law and Equity Court yesterday afternoon the jury brought in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$2.50 in the matter of J. E. Eggleston vs. the Righmond Passenger and Power Company. Mr. Eggleston sued for \$10,000, alleging that he was hurt in a collision of cars of the defendant company on Seventh Street hist year.

LEW DOCKSTADER GIVES UP FILMS

Minstrel Man Turned Over to Police Moving Picture Negative Representing Roosevelt.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, May 20.—Lew Dockstader, the ministrel, to-day turned over to the police the moving picture films that were used in a camera yesterday in the Capitol grounds at Washington, where photographs were taken of a man made up to represent President Roosevelt extending aid to a negro lying on the ground. The films are as yet undeveloped. Dockstader's action followed a visit from a police inspector after a secret service officer from Washington had made a call at the bureau and stated that the Washington police wished the films.

"I wanted the pictures for a new monologue," said Dockstader, after leaving the inspector's office, and "I am sorry that my venture should have caused such a commotion."

"It is not true," said Dockstader, "that I was made to look like Booker T. Washington, although the other man was mean to resemble President Roosevell.

"It was with the most harmless intentions that I had my confederate made up

(Continued From First Page.)

of them are back at home and work, or on the road there. The council meets next year with Christ Church, of Char-lottesville.

next year with Christ Church, of Charlottesville.

Like those that preceded it, the last day was one of great importance to the church and of uncommon interest to all. Early in the day, the council by unanimous vote adopted the amendment to Cenon xix, striking from the church law the specification of offenses that included horse-racing, theatres, publicialis and so on. When the long awaited question of archdeacon was at last brought forward, the movement was the signal for a heavy debate, that continued through the better portion of four hours, or, perhaps, even longer. Powerful opposition to the creation of the new office developed in many quarters, but the victory was finally to the bishop and those who sided with him. The high office of archdeacon, a new thing, was established.

Interest also attached to the report of the Committee on Parochial Reports.

lished.

Interest also attached to the report of the Committee on Parochial Reports, which created quite a stir of a rather unusual sort. At night another report dealt with the Sunday school situation in the diocese, exhibited figures that showed a marked falling off, and called for a committee to investigate the evil, if evil there be. Other matters of noto were transacted, and then, after an earnest invocation by the bishop, the council adjourned sine die.

THE MORNING SESSION.

Amendment to Canon Unanimously Adopted.

After the usual reading of minutes and clearing of decks generally for action the council got down to its work of the third day. The attendance was fairly good and grew rapidly during the morn-

good and grew rapidly during the morting.

Shortly after the body was called to order the important report of the Committee on the Nineteenth Canon was submitted. It was a unanimous deliverance of the committee recommending the substance of the amendment proposed by Mr. White, though the verblage was changed. The report went through like a shot. The chairman of the committee declared that no one would seriously contend either that the old law, with its specifications, was being kept or that it should be kept, for that matter, it was, he said, the desire of the committee that the canons be kept in line with the Catholic reticence and high standard of the prayer book. One or two verbal changes were made in the report, and it was then unanimously adopted—a strikwas then unanimously adopted-s ng thing. The report, as finally accepted, was as follows:
"The committee to whom was referred

"The committee to whom was referred the proposed amendment to the nine-teenth canon, in submitting their report, desire to state with emphasis that the proposed change is not intended as a relaxation of the standard of the church nor as sanctioning indiscriminately the practices whose specified prohibition is omitted; but in their judgment it is best to follow the spirit of the general cauons of the church and the rubrie in the prayer book, and legislate on general rather than special lines in such matters.

"The report is herewith appended,
"We recommend that for Canon XIX,
as it now stands, be substituted the fol-

'If any persons within this church of-"If any persons within this church of-fend their brethren by wickedness of life, such persons shall be admonished or repelled from the Lord's table by the minister in charge of the parish or church, according to the rubric. In cases where it may be deemed expedient by the minister, or may be requested by the accurry, the church wardens, or either of them, shall be summoned to assist the minister in ascertaining the

QUICKEST \$1.00 and Best GO ON THE ROUTE "TRILBY" **EXCURSION** MAT NORFOLK TOOL NEXT SUNDAY, Norfolk & Western Ry. The Popular Leaves Route. Byrd-St. Station 8:30 A. M. Cars

facts of the case. Provided: that if such warden or wardens fall or refuse to act within ten days, the minister shall proceed to act under the rubric of this church."

The report was signed by all of the members, as follows: Rev. Robert K. Massie (chairman); Rev. II. B. Lee, Rev. Robb White, Jr., Mr. John G. Williams and Mr. Joseph Wilmer.

Election of Committees.

The election of Committees.

The election of committees followed next in order, and was disposed of in brief manner, and as follows:

Standing Committee of the Diocese: Rev. P. P. Phillips. Rev. Berryman Green, Rev. J. J. Gravatt, Mr. Arhur Horbert, Mr. L. M. Blackford, Mr. John R. Zimmerman.

Executive Committee of the Diocesan Missionary Society: Rt. Rev. Robert A. Gibson, D. D., Rev. R. A. Goodwin, Rev. W. M. Glark, Rev. J. Y. Downman. Rev. Robert Strange, D. D., Rev. I. R. Mason, Rey. L. L. Hepburn, Rev. J. J. Gravatt, Rev. H. F. Kloman, Rev. W. D. Smith, Rev. H. F. Kloman, Rev. W. D. Smith, Rev. H. F. Kloman, Rev. H. Ingle, Mr. Joseph Bryan, Mr. G. G. Minor, Mr. W. C. Bentley, Mr. William F. Gray, Mr. B. Rand Welford, Mr. Rutherfoord Rose, Dr. John R. Wheat and Mr. J. L. Williams.

Committee on Church Properiy: Rev.

iams.

Committee on Church Property: Rev.

R. A. Goodwin, Rav. W. M. Clark, Mr.
Joseph Bryan, Mr. John F. Glenn, Mr.
Boswell Alsop.

Committee on Bethany Institute: Rev. John R. Ellis, Rev. W. M. Clark, Mr. John L. Williams, Judge A. W. Wallace, Mr. Rosewell Page

Question of Archdeacon.

Several reports were made and then the council began upon the long-awalted question of the archdeacon, a discussion that extended its length through many of the remaining hours. On behalf of the committee to which was referred this proposition, the Rev. H. B. Lee, of Charlottsville, submitted a report recommending the creation of the diocesan office and the selection of a man by the Freeulive Committee of the Diocesan Missionary Society, which was to fix and pay the selary. This recommendation was in line with the address of the bishop, who came out strongly for the establishment of the new office. Suggestions made by the Rev. E. L. Goodwin and Mr. Rosewell Page, were accepted by M. Lee and the recommendations of the committee were finally submitted to the coun-Question of Archdeacon.

and the recommendations of the commit-tee were flustly submitted to the coun-ell in the following form:
"Resolved, That in accordance with the recommendation of the bishop, the Ex-ecutive Committee of the Diocesan Mis-sionary Society be authorized to elect an architector when the pomination of scutive Committee of the Discrete sionary Society be authorized to elect an archdeacon upon the nomination of the bishop, whose duties shall be those imposed on him by the bishop, and whose term of office shall be for ont year; his salary not to exceed \$2,000, to be paid by the Executive Committee of the Diocesan Missionary Society."

Argument Against Archdeacon.

At 11 o'clock divine service was held, and immediately thereafter, the consideration of the archdeacon matter was resumed. The first gun of the opposition was fired by the Rev. J. Y. Downman, rector of All-Saints', Richmond, who said he was in the painful position of having to speak in opposition to his bishop. Others followed and the debate soon included the entire house. Among those who speke were the Rev. Mr. Kuyk, the Rev. J. W. Ware, the Rev. S. S. Hepburn, Mr. John L. Williams and others against the report, and the Rev. L. R. Mason, the Rev. Everard Meade, the Rev. Robb White, Jr., the Rev. Mr. Lee, Mr. Rosewell Page, Mr. Bibb, of Louisa Courthouse, and others for it.

On the side of the opposition it was asserted by Mr. Downman that the office has been tried before and wouldn't work; that it would be a wasteful expenditure of mency if the council had it; and that the council ddin't have the money. It would mean the stinting of the country clercy and the borrowing of money. A conflict of authority between the arch-Argument Against Archdeacon.

clergy and the borrowing of money. A conflict of authority between the arch-deacon, who would, under the bishop, have charge of the missionary work of the diocese, and the rectors of the parishes would be sure to follow. Mr. Kuyk said he would rather have a condjutor bishep than an archdeacon, the status and rank of whom nobody knew. To have the dioceso pay an archdeacon his salarry and send him into vacant parishes to preach would be to educate these parishes to get work for nothing, and they would never endeavor to secure a rector as long as the dioceso paid at creddeacon to take care of them. It was pointed out by Mr. Williams and others pointed out by Mr. Williams and others that the bishop could now control for the missionary work a number of ministers whose salaries are in part made up by the Diocesan Society, and that it would be better and freer to send these men out, directing each to some specific case, to which he was best suited, than to have one high-salaried man. Finally, the discussion took another turn. Mr. Ware, amid applause, made an appeal for the country rectors, of which he is one. The speaker said he had no apology to make for differing with the bishop. The treasury of the Diocesan Missionary Society admitted to be full and sufficient to support an archideacon at \$2,000 cient to support an archdeacon at \$2,000

ipaid, scarcely fed, have been driven out of them, and forced to go to other States, because the old diocese of Virginia would not support them.

"I wish I could get the ministers who are now receiving \$2,000 a year in this diocese to stand up," said Mr. Ware in effect. "You would then see how few they are. If you have this money in the treasury, give it to the struggling, starving country rectors who are supporting a horse and four or five children on \$700 a year."

Argument in Favor.

Argument in Favor.

Argument in Favor.

The other side was ably presented by its advocates. The value of an archdeacon in building up the weak parishes, filling the vacant pulpits and developing the untouched fields within the bounds of the diocose was pointed out. Mr. Mason said the rector of All Saints seemed to think the archdeacon would be a sort of dog aloose among a flock of sheep. There would be no conflict of authority. The powers of the officer would be defined, and he would work under the direct control of the bishop. Another speaker said the archdeacon would be an arch-servant, who would assist everybody from the rector himself to the humblest of the communicants. Dr. W. E. Evans, of Monumental, said the ministers of the Riemmond churches did not care particularly for an archdeacon since they had no need for such an officer, but that they would stand by the country parishes if these latter wished to have the archdeacon appointed. The Rev. Everard Meade falled to sympathize with the pity bestowed upon the country rectors, of which he also is one. Mr. Mcade is, a very solid and substant all party. He said he got all the flesh he had in the rural districts, where he never failed to live comfortably. He made a brother rector, also from the country, rise and display his good parts to the council. The two standing together were a conyincing argument that it is eminently possible to thrive most successfully in the country.

Eishop's Statement.

Bishop's Statement.

Bishop's Statement.

Finally the bishop was asked the specific question whether he would rather command the services of a large number of ministers for the diocesan missionary work or have a single archideacon, who would give his whole time to it. The bishop replied with great deliberation. He said he had only very recently received authority to call upon the ministers for services in the missionary field. He had promptly used this authority and the results had been most gratifying. He could desire nothing bet-

ter than the services rendered by the gentlemen he had called upon. But there was no certainty about it. He could not depend upon this method because he would have to fit his call to the other demands upon the preacher's time within his own parish. As bishep, he now had almost more work than he could perform—visitations, correspondence, and so on—and the limitations of human strength and time compelled him to say that he could not do more, An archdence now would know the field and would be always prepared to go. The bishop would he relieved of the task of scouring the diocese, selecting men, and adjusting things to suit their preparanged plans.

Upon the conclusion of the statement of the bishop, the hour being 2 P. M., the council adjourned until the afternoon session.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

MOISTURE makes old-fashioned ginger-

can't take the snap out of

those morsels of "sweetness

and spice and all that's nice"

SNAPS.

-called Zu Zu Cincer

snaps soft, but it

Get a nickel and

say

LU LU

Office of Archdeacon Created. Many Important Matters.

When, after a recess of two hours and a half, the council assembled again, the consideration of the question of archi-leacon was resumed as soon as the report deacon was resumed as soon as the report of the Committee on State of the Church deacon was resumed as soon as the report of the Committee on State of the Church had been received and disposed of. It was evident from the start that the reply of the bishop to the query put to him just before the close of the morning session had had a powerful effect. The bishop stated plainly that he had reached his limit, and needed the archdeacon. This settled the matter, and practically left no room for further discussion. Several who had opposed the proposition in the morning new stated that in view of the declaration of the bishop they would withdraw all objection and vote for the resolution of the committee. Loud cries of "question" from all parts of the house were heard, but several insisted upon talking further, some in favor and some against the archdeacon. A substitute, affered by the Rev. J. J. Gravatt, providing for the election of a "secretary" of the executive committee of the Diocesan Missionary Society, with a salary of \$1,200 per year, was lost by a yet of rayes, its nees 4. An amend-

archdeacon within the \$1.500 mark also lost. The question was then upon the original resolution of the mittee. It was a clean victory for bishop. The resolution was adopted a majority so overwheiming that the opposition did not even call for a division. The long-discussed office of archdeacon

Reports Submitted.

Reports Submitted.

The report of the Committee on State of the Church was submitted by the Rev. Dr. W. E. Evans, rector of Monumental. The report is based upon the bishop's address and the parochial reports. It was optimistic and encouraging in a high degree. The church is in a very healthy condition, is developing within itself, and is entering new fields. There was never so great a missionary enthusiasm, evident as is the case now in every section in the diocese. The contributions during the year have been very large.

Several routine reports were presented

Prescrip-

Quality.

putation as prescription drug-

gists. The physician knows the

'quality' of drugs we use and

that our prescriptions always give him good results.

merit his endorsement?" THIS WILL GIVE YOU SOME-THING TO THINK ABOUT."

Bring us your prescriptions.

Prices Lowest,

" Quality " Considered.

olk Miller-Childrey Co.,

"Cut-Right" Druggists.

All leading patent medicine at

Bolk Miller Drug Co.,

"Is it strange that we should

tion

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

An Explanation.

Mr. H. C. Marchant arose to a question of personal privilege. It was evident, he said, that his remarks on the school situation, made Wednesday, just before the close of the morning session, had been misunderstood by the representative of this paper. The report seemed to place him in antagonism with the Virginia Female Institute and the Epistonal High School copal High School "Nobody," said Mr. Marchant, "has

a higher regard for Mr. Blackford and a higher regard for Mr. Blackford and Miss Duval, but I feel that it should be an object of this council to secure the best education for the children of the church at the lowest possible cost; that the public schools have shut the school practically upon the Bible, and that in order to give our children a Christian education we must either establish church schools upon the basis suggested, or parents desiring a Christian education for their children will be forced to send them is the schools of other Christian

bishop announced the committee upon the general school question. The secretary read the following names: Bishop Gibson, Rev. E. L. Goodwin, Rev. H. B. Lee, Rev. R. W. Micou, D. D., Mr. R. C. Weilford, Mr. H. C. Marchant and Major Robert Stiles.

Great Confusion.

Announcement was made to the effect that the Committee on Parish Lines had falled to come to an agreement upon its report. This document, which is a read, however. It declared among other things, that the parish lines in the diocese are in such utter confusion that it is impossible to tell with accuracy how many parishes there are. The names of parishes, like wandering stars, appear and then disappear. The report made several recommendations. The committee was continued until next year and its was continued until next year and its first resolution was adopted. first resolution was adopted. It provides for the election for a term of three years of a historiographer of the diocese, who should gather and collate the records etc., and make report to the council. The Rev. E. L. Goodwin was elected to this collate.

By unanimous vote, the council accepted with thanks an invitation to meet next year with Christ Church, Charlottes-

Caused a Stir.

Caused a Stir.

Somewhat of a stir was caused by the report of the Committee on Parochial Reports. The gentlemen of this committee have been confronted with a monumental task. They had to traverse a perfect wilderness of figures and toiled night and day over the job. One of the members was a gentleman who had never been to Richmond before, and who came this time specifically to see the sights. He was placed upon the committee and has had to work until midnight, declining the invitation of his hostess to take a carriage drive around. This gentleman got up at 4 A. M. and between that hour and breakfast visited the points of interest in Richmond. The chairman of the committee said it was at one time suggested that the report include a column showing the number of men who had been run crazy over the report.

And then was it discovered that the report was almost, if not quite, valueless. The parishes did not all make returns and nearly everything was incomplete. The report showed on its face that there were more communicants than confirmed persons—a manifest absurdity; that the entire indebtedness of the diocese amounted to about \$3,560; that but one colored persons—a manifest absurdity; that the entire indebtedness of the diocese amounted to about \$3,560; that but one colored person had been hapitized, and so on. There was a great hubbub and motions that portions of the report be stricken out, and again that the whole thing be recommitted, were made. In the midst of the discussion the council adjourned until \$20 P. M.

NIGHT SESSION.

The committee, after further consideraeffect that in view of the imperfect condition of the reports on the colored work, en out and the archdeacon of the colored Williams that It be kept out of the record of proceedings.

"I do not wish to reflect upon or clergy," said Mr. Williams.

"That is exactly what we want to do." said the chairman of the committee, the

Other resolutions proposed by the committee and designed to facilitate the gathering and collation of data were tion to the inconsistency which made it appear that the diocese had more communicants than there were confirmed persons. Considerable of a discussion developed, and it was brought out that seventy-one churches had falled to make any returns, that the statistical table was somewhat of a farce, and that the council had never had a report that represented the diocese in its true character. sented the diocese in its true character. The matter was regarded as an important one, since the General Convention meets very shortly and since some of those figures go on the records of the general church. A resolution was then adopted requesting the bishop, with the assistance of such gentlemen as he might see fit to call upon, to complete the statistics in so far as this was possible.

Small Insurance.

office that has not been filled for several years.

Reports of a routine character were made by the Committee on the Widows' and Orphan's Fund and the Committee on Elections.

A resolution was adopted extending the thinks of the council to the rector, vestign and St. James to the

try and congregation of St. James, to the people of Richmond, to the transporta-tion companies, etc., for courtesies ex-Reports for its arduous boo') over hopeless task. Showed Falling Off.

Showed Falling Off.

Particular interest attached to a report of the Committee on Sunday Schools, which showed a serious condition of affairs in this department of the church's work. The report was as follows:

"The Committee on Sunday Schools beg leave to report that there are in the diocese, according to our parochial reports, 889 officers and teachers, 7.25 scholars, making a total of 8,134 officers, teachers and scholars in our Sunday schools. The total contributions for the year, \$4,75,37, Comparing these figures with the statistics of previous years, we find that the officers and teachers for 1902 were 901; 1903, there were 901; 1904 has \$89, Scholars for 1902 were 7.444; scholars for 1903 were 7.643; scholars for 1904 were 7.525. Contributions for 1903 were \$4,746,76; contributions for 1903 were \$4,746,76; contributions for 1904 were \$4,746,76; contribution

"The report was adopted and the bishop announced the following committee: Rev. H. F. Kloman, Rev. S. S. Ware, Rev. T. C. Darst, Mr. Thomas Poindexter, Mr. R. W. Hillary. Explanation was made by the Rev. E. L. Goodwin that the apparent falling off in contributions was due to the failure of the schools to make records.

one to the the council, after some scat-reports. And then the council, after some scat-tering business, having completed its work for the year, adjourned sine die, after the singing of the hyme "Blest Be the Tle That Binds," and the prayer of the bishop.

NIGHT SESSION.

Council Transacts Further Business and Adjourns Sine Die.
When the night session began the council resumed the consideration of the